

ROMIOS GOLD RESOURCES INC.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**For the three and six months ended December 31, 2016
(unaudited)
(Expressed in Canadian \$)**

**Romios Gold Resources Inc.
(the "Company")
NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements.

DATED this 15th day of February, 2017.

ROMIOS GOLD RESOURCES INC.

Per: (signed) "Tom Drivas"
Name: Tom Drivas
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Per: (signed) "Frank van de Water"
Name: Frank van de Water
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Romios Gold Resources Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Cdn \$)
(Unaudited)

As at	December 31	June 30
	2016	2016
	\$	\$
<hr/>		
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	114,972	603,774
Accounts receivable	44,351	7,840
Prepaid expenses	75,652	52,428
Total current assets	234,975	664,042
Exploration and evaluation assets (note 5)		
Acquisition costs	4,295,509	4,280,509
Total assets	4,530,484	4,944,551
<hr/>		
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable & accruals	22,917	60,948
Share purchase subscriptions received	-	166,475
Due to related parties	331,763	239,919
Total liabilities	354,680	467,342
<hr/>		
<i>Contingencies and commitments (note 11)</i>		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (note 6(a))	31,224,506	30,985,583
Warrants (note 6(c))	209,117	81,120
Contributed surplus (note 7)	4,224,395	4,127,266
Deficit	(31,482,214)	(30,716,760)
Total shareholders' equity	4,175,804	4,477,209
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	4,530,484	4,944,551

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD on February 15th, 2017

"Signed"
Anastasios (Tom) Drivas

"Signed"
Frank van de Water

Romios Gold Resources Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Cdn \$)

(Unaudited)

See Change in Accounting Policy Note 2	Share Capital \$	Warrants \$	Contributed Surplus \$	Deficit \$	Total \$
At June 30, 2015	30,871,993	-	4,045,204	(30,218,285)	4,698,912
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(245,213)	(245,213)
At December 31, 2015	30,871,993	-	4,045,204	(30,463,498)	4,453,699
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(253,262)	(253,262)
Flow-through shares issued, net	194,710	-	-	-	194,710
Valuation of warrants	(81,120)	81,120	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	82,062	-	82,062
At June 30, 2016	30,985,583	81,120	4,127,266	(30,716,760)	4,477,209
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(765,454)	(765,454)
Working capital units issued, net	287,920	-	-	-	287,920
Flow-through shares issued, net	79,000	-	-	-	79,000
Valuation of warrants	(127,997)	127,997	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	97,129	-	97,129
At December 31, 2016	31,224,506	209,117	4,224,395	(31,482,214)	4,175,804

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Romios Gold Resources Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss, and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Cdn \$)

(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended December 31		For the six months ended December 31	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
See Change in Accounting Policy Note 2				
Expenses				
Operating activities				
Exploration Expenses	151,109	12,664	485,424	40,861
General and administrative activities:				
Professional fees	16,053	14,036	28,450	32,148
Management fees and salaries	47,400	49,675	97,425	98,692
Office and general	10,625	26,479	19,172	53,238
Shareholder communication	17,277	17,014	39,085	22,101
Share-based compensation	34,266	-	97,129	-
General and administrative expenses	(125,621)	(107,204)	(281,261)	(206,179)
Loss for the period before the following	(276,730)	(119,868)	(766,685)	(247,040)
Interest income	521	707	1,231	1,827
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(276,209)	(119,161)	(765,454)	(245,213)
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	165,803,087	158,362,001	165,803,087	158,362,001

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Romios Gold Resources Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Cdn \$)

(Unaudited)

	For the six months ended December 31	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
See Change in Accounting Policy Note 2		
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	(765,454)	(245,213)
Items not affecting cash:		
Share-based compensation	97,129	-
	(668,325)	(245,213)
Net change in non-cash working capital		
Accounts receivable	(36,511)	3,496
Prepaid expenses	(23,225)	(4,110)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(38,031)	(13,357)
Due to related parties	91,844	52,621
Net cash used in operating activities	(674,248)	(206,563)
Investing activities		
Exploration and evaluation assets acquisition costs	(15,000)	(15,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,000)	(15,000)
Financing activities		
Private placement of flow-through units	79,000	-
Private placement of working capital units	292,675	-
Share issue costs	(4,754)	-
Share subscriptions received in advance	(166,475)	-
Net cash from financing activities	200,446	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(488,802)	(221,563)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	603,774	524,492
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	114,972	302,929

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

ROMIOS GOLD RESOURCES INC.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Romios Gold Resources Inc. ("Romios" or "the Company") is a listed public Company (TSX-V:"RG") incorporated under the Ontario Business Corporations Act and has interests in resource properties which are being explored and evaluated to determine their economic viability. The registered office and location of corporate records is Suite 500, 2 Toronto St., Toronto, Ontario.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements ("Statements") have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at December 31, 2016 the Company had no sources of operating cash flows. The Company will therefore require additional funding which, if not raised, would result in the curtailment of activities and project delays. The Company had working capital deficiency of \$119,705 as at December 31, 2016, after providing for \$331,763 due to related parties, and has incurred losses since inception, including \$22,155,470 spent on exploration and evaluation of its mineral properties, resulting in an accumulated deficit of \$31,482,214 as at December 31, 2016. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is uncertain and is dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing. There can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in this regard, and therefore, there is doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and accordingly, the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments that would be necessary if the "going concern" assumption is not appropriate. If the "going concern" assumption is not appropriate, adjustments to the carrying values of the assets and liabilities, the expenses and the balance sheet classifications, which could be material, would be necessary.

The recoverability of expenditures on its resource properties and related deferred exploration expenditures is dependent upon the existence of resources that are economically recoverable, confirmation of the Company's ownership interests in the claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and the development of the properties, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from disposition thereof.

2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance with IAS 34

These Financial Statements form part of the period covered by the Company's International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") annual consolidated financial statements. These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting* and on the basis of IFRS standards and interpretations expected to be effective as at the Company's IFRS annual reporting date, June 30, 2017.

These Financial Statements do not contain all the disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") in effect as of June 30, 2016.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company voluntarily changed its accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures. Previously, the Company capitalized acquisition costs and deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures of mineral properties to the specific mineral properties, net of recoveries received.

Under the new policy, only the original acquisition costs of exploration and evaluation properties are capitalized and all expenditures incurred (net of recoveries) prior to the establishment of technical and commercial viability of extracting mineral resources, and prior to a decision to proceed with mine development, are charged to operations as incurred.

In accordance with the requirements of IAS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, the Company has retrospectively applied this change in accounting policy, the effect of which is set out in the June 30, 2015 audited financial statements.

Management considers this accounting policy provides more reliable and relevant information and more clearly represents the Company's results and financial position.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these Financial Statements. Operating results for the six months ended December 31, 2016 may not be indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2017.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

Readers should refer to the June 30, 2016 annual consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies used in the preparation of these Financial Statements. The IASB continues to amend and add to current IFRS standards and interpretations with several projects underway. Accordingly, the accounting policies adopted by the Company for the Company's IFRS annual consolidated financial statements will be determined as at June 30, 2017. In the event that accounting policies adopted at June 30, 2017 differ materially from the accounting policies used in the preparation of these Financial Statements, these Financial Statements will be restated to retrospectively account for the application of those policies adopted at June 30, 2017.

Principles of consolidation

The Statements include the accounts of 100% owned McLymont Mines Inc., which holds the title to some of the claims in British Columbia. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

Presentation Currency

The Company's presentation currency and functional currency is the Canadian dollar ("C\$").

4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and investments in Canadian Chartered Bank demand money market funds.

On June 9, 2016, the Company completed a private placement of 2,900,000 flow-through units for gross proceeds of \$203,000. On July 27, 2016, the Company completed a private placement of 1,128,572 flow-through units for gross proceeds of \$79,000. These funds were committed to be expended on Canadian Exploration Expenditures ("CEE") and were therefore not available for current working capital purposes.

During the six months ended December 31, 2016, the Company spent a total of \$485,424 on exploration and evaluation activities, including the balance of all funds raised exclusively for Canadian Exploration Expenditures ("CEE") in the current and prior fiscal years.

5. Exploration and evaluation assets

Acquisition costs	British Columbia \$	Quebec \$	Nevada, USA \$	Total \$
Balance, June 30, 2015	4,152,046	74,997	38,466	4,265,509
Total additions for the period	15,000	-	-	15,000
Balance, June 30, 2016	4,167,046	74,997	38,466	4,280,509
Total additions for the period	15,000	-	-	15,000
Balance, December 31, 2016	4,182,046	74,997	38,466	4,295,509

The Company's total holdings in the Golden Triangle Area are approximately 75,996 hectares (187,800 acres). Additional acquisition costs for British Columbia relate primarily to property payment obligations and maintenance fees for claims.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the realizable amount. In 2007, 2008 and 2009, acquisition costs for exploration and evaluation properties located in B.C., Ontario and Nevada were written off in the total amount of \$419,549. Management has determined that there is no impairment of the carrying value of its exploration properties.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, which management has determined to be indicated by a feasibility study, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

Amounts expended to date for exploration and evaluation activities for each area are summarized below. These amounts have been charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

	British Columbia \$	Quebec \$	Ontario \$	Total \$
Balance, June 30, 2015	20,418,101	974,980	227,039	21,620,120
Total additions for the period	40,250	5,441	39,062	84,753
British Columbia refund	(34,827)	-	-	(34,827)
Balance, June 30, 2016	20,423,524 ⁽¹⁾	980,421 ⁽²⁾	266,101	21,670,046
Total additions for the period	9,559	2,239	473,626	485,424
Balance, December 31, 2016	20,433,083 ⁽¹⁾	982,660 ⁽²⁾	739,727	22,155,470

(1) Amounts shown are net of refunds totalling \$681,018 received from the province of British Columbia.

(2) Amounts shown are net of refunds totalling \$426,400 received from the province of Quebec.

6. Share capital

(a) Common shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of no par value common shares. The following table provides the details of changes in the number of issued common shares.

	<i>Number</i> #	<i>Amount</i> \$
Balance, June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015	158,362,001	30,871,993
Flow through units issued June 2016, net	2,900,000	121,880
Share issue costs	-	(8,290)
Balance, June 30, 2016	161,262,001	30,985,583
Flow through units issued July 2016, net	1,128,572	69,298
Working capital units issued July 2016, net	2,877,917	95,258
Working capital units issued September 2016, net	2,000,000	79,121
Share issue costs	-	(4,754)
Balance, December 31, 2016	167,268,490	31,224,506

On June 9, 2016, the Company completed a first tranche of a non-brokered private placement with the sale of 2,900,000 flow-through units ("FT Units") at \$0.07 per FT Unit for gross proceeds of \$203,000.

Each FT Unit was priced at \$0.07 and consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share (a "Warrant Share") at a price of \$0.15 per Warrant Share until the earlier of: one year from closing date; and in the event that the closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX Venture Exchange is at least \$0.20 for twenty consecutive trading days, and the 20th trading day is at least four months from the Closing Date, the date which is thirty days from the final trading day.

The Company paid cash finder's fees of \$4,900 and issued 70,000 broker warrants ("Broker Warrants") in respect of the first closing. Each Broker Warrant entitles the holder to acquire a common share, priced at \$0.07 until June 9, 2017.

On July 28, 2016, the Company closed the second tranche of its non-brokered private placement with the sale of a further 1,128,572 FT Units at \$0.07 per FT Unit for gross proceeds of \$79,000 and 2,887,917 working capital units ("WC Units") at \$0.06 per WC Unit for gross proceeds of \$172,675. Each WC Unit comprises one common share and one common share purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share for a period of one year, subject to earlier expiry under certain conditions, at a price of \$0.12.

The Company paid cash finder's fees of \$1,344 and issued 22,400 broker warrants in respect of the final closing. Each broker warrant entitles the holder to acquire a common share, priced at \$0.07 until July 27, 2017. The securities issued are subject to a four month hold period expiring on November 28, 2016. The funds from the Offering have been used for a drill program on the Company's Lundmark-Akow Lakes property.

On September 21, 2016 the Company closed a non-brokered private placement with the sale of 2 million WC Units at \$0.06 per unit for proceeds of \$120,000, with the same terms and conditions as the July 28, 2016 placement of WC Units.

(b) Common share purchase options

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") for the benefit of directors, officers, key employees, and consultants. The total number of shares which may be reserved and set aside for issuance to eligible persons may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. As at December 31, 2016, 12,250,000 common shares were reserved for the exercise of stock options granted under the Plan.

The following table provides the details of changes in the number of issued common share purchase options during the period:

	Options #	Weighted-average exercise price \$
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	8,950,000	0.13
Granted	2,800,000	0.10
Expired	(500,000)	0.15
Outstanding at June 30, 2016	11,250,000	0.13
Granted	1,000,000	US\$ 0.20
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	12,250,000	0.14
Options exercisable at December 31, 2016	10,350,000	0.13

On April 20, 2016 2,800,000 share purchase options were granted to acquire common shares of the Company at \$0.10 per share for five years.

On June 30, 2016, 250,000 options at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share and 250,000 options at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share expired, unexercised.

On July 12, 2016 1,000,000 share purchase options were granted to an investor relations consultant to acquire common shares of the Company at US\$0.20 per share for five years.

Number of stock options	Number exercisable	Remaining contractual life	Exercise price per share	Expiry date
200,000	200,000	30 months	\$0.10	June 30, 2019
2,650,000	2,650,000	5.4 months	\$0.20	June 12, 2017
250,000	250,000	15.3 months	\$0.10	April 9, 2018
5,350,000	5,350,000	28.2 months	\$0.10	May 5, 2019
2,800,000	1,400,000	51.7 months	\$0.10	April 20, 2021
1,000,000	500,000	54.4 months	US\$0.20	July 12, 2021
12,250,000	10,350,000			

The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the year is \$0.13 per option, each contract fair value having been estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free weighted-average interest of 0.80%, expected dividend yield of nil, average expected volatility of 155.40% and expected life term of 60 months. Under this method of calculation, the Company has recorded \$97,129 as stock based compensation during the six months ended December 31, 2016, being the fair value of the options vested during the period ended December 31, 2016. Under the Company's stock option plan, options granted vest half immediately on the date of grant and half twelve months after the date of grant.

(c) Warrants

On certain issuances of common shares, the Company granted warrants entitling the holder to acquire additional common shares of the Company, and the Company granted warrants as consideration for services associated with the placement of such common share issues.

The following table provides the details of changes in the number of outstanding common share purchase warrants:

	Number #	Price Range \$
Balance June 30, 2015	Nil	-
Private placement warrants issued	1,520,000	0.07 to 0.15
Balance June 30, 2016	1,520,000	
Private placement warrants issued	5,464,603	0.06 to 0.15
Balance December 31, 2016	6,984,603	

The fair value of the warrants issued in the quarter was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free weighted-average interest of 0.57-0.60%, expected dividend yield of nil, average expected volatility of 186.68%-213.07% and expected life term of 12 months. Under this method of calculation, the Company recorded \$127,997 as the value of the warrants issued during the period ended December 31, 2016.

The number of common shares outstanding on December 31, 2016 was 167,268,490. Taking into account outstanding share purchase options, warrants and 1,000,000 shares reserved for property transactions, the fully diluted common shares that could have been outstanding on December 31, 2016 was 187,503,093.

7. Contributed surplus

A summary of changes in contributed surplus is:

	Amount \$
Balance, June 30, 2015	4,045,204
Share-based compensation	82,062
Balance, June 30, 2016	4,127,266
Share-based compensation	97,129
Balance, December 31, 2016	4,224,395

8. Related party transactions

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, the Company incurred related party expenses of \$47,400 (2015 – \$49,675) and \$97,425 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 (2015 - \$98,692). These expenses related to salary and consulting fees paid or payable to the Company's key senior officers, Tom Drivas, President and Chief Executive Officer, Frank van de Water, Secretary and Chief Financial Officer, and Michael D'Amico, Chief Financial Officer until December 31, 2015. As at December 31, 2016, \$277,062 (2015 - \$124,046) was due to these related parties. Key management personnel were not paid post-retirement benefits, termination benefits, or other long-term benefits during the period ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Share based compensation to key management and directors for the three months ended December 31, 2016 was \$11,132 (2015 - \$nil) and for the six months ended December 31, 2016 was \$22,263 (2015 - \$nil).

During the six months ended December 31, 2016 the company incurred expenses of \$17,642 (2015 - \$1,400) for legal fees to a law firm related to a Director of the Company, William R. Johnstone. At December 31, 2016, \$5,715 (2015 - \$1,400) was outstanding.

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, the Company incurred expenses of \$4,000 (2015 - \$3,000) and \$9,500 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 (2015 - \$8,500) related to directors' fees to independent directors. At December 31, 2016, \$45,000 (2015 - \$28,500) was payable.

These amounts were expensed in the period incurred as administrative and general expenses. Expenses and amounts paid and owing are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

9. Financial instruments and risk management

Categories of financial assets and liabilities

Under IFRS, financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: Fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”), held to maturity investments, loans and receivables, assets available for sale and financial liabilities. The carrying values of the Company’s financial instruments are classified into the following categories:

	December 31	June 30
	2016	2016
	\$	\$
FVTPL ⁽¹⁾	114,972	603,774
Loans and receivables ⁽²⁾	44,351	7,840
Financial liabilities ⁽³⁾	19,564	22,719

(1) Includes cash, committed cash and cash equivalents.

(2) Includes accounts receivable related to HST tax refunds.

(3) Includes accounts payable.

Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts for the Company’s financial instruments approximate their fair values because of the short-term nature of these items.

Risks arising from financial instruments and risk management

The Company’s activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company’s overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company.

The Company uses various methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks.

Carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets

The Company regularly reviews the carrying value of its properties for impairment to determine whether the carrying amount of these assets will be recoverable from future cash flows or from the proceeds of disposition of the properties. Assumptions underlying the cash flow estimates include the forecasted prices for gold, copper, silver and molybdenum, planned production levels, and operating, capital, exploration and reclamation costs, which are subject to risks and uncertainties. Management has determined that there is no impairment of the carrying value of its exploration properties.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

Commodity price risk

The price of gold and base metals may have an impact on the Company’s exploration projects.

Sensitivity price risk

Anticipated changes in the value of gold and base metals would not, in management's opinion, change the recognized value of any of the Company's financial instruments.

(ii) Cash flow fair value interest rate risk

The Company does not have interest-bearing borrowings for which general rate fluctuations apply. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk only to the extent of interest on the balance of the bank accounts.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the group. Credit risk arises from cash and deposits with Canadian Chartered Banks as well as credit exposures to outstanding receivables.

The Company has no concentration of credit risk. The carrying amounts of financial assets recorded in the Statements are at cost.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining at all times sufficient cash, liquid investments and committed credit facilities to meet the Company's commitments as they arise. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. The Company is currently assessing all options to address its liquidity issues. It is not possible to determine with any certainty the success and adequacy of these initiatives.

10. Capital disclosures

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of exploration and evaluation assets. The capital of the Company consists of capital stock, warrants and contributed surplus.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company has its existing working capital and will seek to raise additional amounts as needed.

The Company will continue to assess new properties and acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential, and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Romios reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

11. Contingencies and commitments

As at December 31, 2016:

- a) the Company has a lease commitment to January 31, 2020 for its principle office location estimated to total \$52,440 and
- b) the Company has \$44,219 on deposit as property reclamation bonds with various governmental agencies. These amounts are included with prepaid expenses.

- c) The Ontario Prospectors Association, sponsored by the Northern Ontario Heritage Fund, has agreed to provide financial assistance under the Junior Exploration Assistance Program for \$97,824 of the Project Eligible Costs incurred on the 2016 drill program at Akow Lake. The payment has been approved, but not yet received.