

# **ROMIOS GOLD RESOURCES INC.**

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## **PRESS RELEASE**

### **FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE**

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#### ***DRILLING RESULTS - LUNDMARK-AKOW LAKE AREA***

**Romios Gold Resources Inc.** (the "Company") is pleased to announce that it has completed a total of 5 diamond drill holes, collectively amounting to 943.75 metres (3,096 feet) at its Lundmark-Akow Lake property (the "Property") located in the central portion of the North Caribou greenstone belt in northwestern Ontario. As previously reported, the Company planned to drill a minimum of 3 holes to test coincident geophysical anomalies within the "Romios Shear Zone" in the vicinity of hole RGRI-98-9 that was drilled last year and which encountered widespread, stringer-type copper mineralization over 73.2 metres (240.0 feet) within a garnetiferous schist. The copper mineralization in hole RGRI-98-9 is believed to represent a type of mineralization that may form a halo around more massive and higher grade copper or copper-gold mineralization. All 5 drill holes (holes RGRI-99-1 to RGRI-99-5) just completed intersected wide zones of potentially significant copper and gold mineralization over a strike length of more than 1,000 metres (3,280 feet). Geophysical evidence suggests that the zone is much more extensive than that tested by the diamond drilling to date. Rather than assay the entire width of the stringer-type copper mineralization in each hole, a number of samples were collected throughout the zone to determine roughly the tenor of the copper and gold contained within the mineralized zone.

In hole RGRI-99-1, which was drilled approximately 100 metres north of hole RGRI-98-9 to a total depth of 220.43 metres, a wide zone of stringer-type copper mineralization was encountered from 21.27 metres to 111.36 metres (90.09 metres or 295.5 feet) within a garnetiferous schist, similar to that intersected in drill hole RGRI-98-9. A total of 27 samples collected over 13.17 metres (43.20 feet) from the zone averaged .16% copper. The highest gold assay of .49 grams per tonne was encountered from 99.3 metres to 99.43 metres in the hole.

In hole RGRI-99-2, located 100 metres north of hole RGRI-99-1 and drilled to a total depth of 219.21 metres, a wide zone of stringer-type copper mineralization was encountered from 16.53 metres to 130.0 metres (113.47 metres or 372.28 feet). A total of 38 samples collected over 18.8 metres (59.32 feet) from this zone assayed a weighted average of .28% copper. Within this section, the core from 23.09 metres to 23.49 metres, from 83.57 metres to 84.07 metres and from 106.18 metres to 106.35 metres, assayed 1.65%, 1.42% and 2.13% copper respectively. The most significant gold values were encountered in the interval from 72.56 metres to 127.45 metres (54.89 metres or 180.0 feet) where the 13 samples analyzed representing 5.48 metres (17.97 feet) of core averaged .19 grams per tonne in gold.

In hole RGRI-99-3, located 100 metres east of hole RGRI-99-2 and drilled to a total depth of 218.60 metres on section with and below hole RGRI-99-2, stringer-type copper mineralization was encountered from 114.53 metres to 208.53 metres (94.0 metres or 308.0 feet). A total of 25 samples collected over 12.21 metres (40.05 feet) of the mineralized zone assayed a weighted

average of .39% copper. One continuous section of core sampled from 152.0 metres to 157.36 metres (5.36 metres or 17.58 feet) averaged .39% copper. Samples of core from 122.32 metres to 122.46 metres, 154.58 metres to 155.23 metres and 161.61 metres to 161.82 metres assayed 1.11%, 1.36% and 2.5% copper respectively. Highly anomalous gold values were encountered over the interval 66.28 metres to 162.6 metres (96.32 metres or 316.0 feet) where 22 samples representing a core width of 11.30 metres (37.07 feet) averaged .36 grams per tonne in gold. A sample of core from 207.73 metres to 208.53 metres assayed 3.38 grams per tonne in gold.

Hole RGRI-99-4, located 400 metres north of holes RGRI-99-2 and RGRI-99-3 and drilled to a total depth of 103.50 metres, intersected stringer-type copper mineralization from 22.13 metres to 103.50 metres (81.37 metres or 267.0 feet) at which point the hole was abandoned due to uncontrollable caving. A total of 19 samples collected over 13.96 metres (45.80 feet) within this section averaged .23% copper. A single sample from the very bottom of the hole between 103.2 metres and 103.5 metres assayed 2.26% copper. Samples of core from 41.8 metres to 42.64 metres, and from 103.2 metres to 103.5 metres assayed 3.93 grams per tonne and 1.83 grams per tonne in gold respectively.

Hole RGRI-99-5 located 400 metres north of hole RGRI-99-4 and drilled to a total depth of 182.01 metres, intersected a very wide zone of stringer-type copper mineralization from 22.9 metres to 162.0 metres (139.1 metres or 456.0 feet). A total of 43 samples collected over 28.37 metres (93 feet) within the wide zone of copper mineralization averaged .14% copper. The highest gold value in hole RGRI-99-5 was encountered from 67.45 metres to 67.85 metres in the hole where the core assayed .93 grams per tonne in gold.

Based on the extensive copper mineralization encountered over a strike length of more than 1,000 metres and the highly anomalous gold values associated with this mineralization in all five holes that were drilled in this recent campaign to test the "Romios Shear Zone", the management of the Company is highly encouraged and even more convinced that the "Romios Shear Zone" is an exploration target with significant potential. Prior to commencing further drilling on the property, the Company intends to conduct further geophysical surveys in the vicinity of the recent drilling in an attempt to delineate geophysical anomalies that may be reflecting zones of semi-massive to massive, copper and gold-bearing sulphides. The proposed geophysical surveys include down-the-hole pulse electromagnetic, deep penetrating electromagnetic and further induced polarization surveys. Upon completion of these surveys, the Company intends to resume drilling to further test the copper-rich garnetiferous schist within the "Romios Shear Zone".

For further information, please contact Tom Drivas, President and a director of the Company at 416-221-0411 or by facsimile at 416-218-9772 or by E-mail at [romios@romios.com](mailto:romios@romios.com) or visit our website at [www.romios.com](http://www.romios.com).